

The National Drought Mitigation Center

Building a Conduit to bring Science to Citizens

Brian Fuchs, Climatologist
National Drought Mitigation Center
School of Natural Resources
University of Nebraska-Lincoln

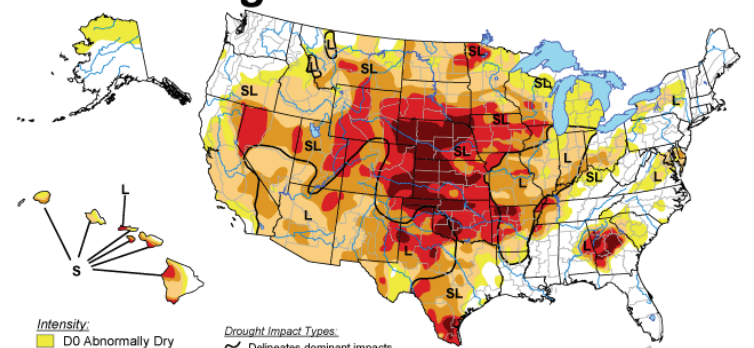


International Conference on Data,
Information and Knowledge for Water
Governance in the Networked Society

June 9-11, 2014
Seville, Spain



U.S. Drought Monitor September 25, 2012 Valid 7 a.m. EDT



Intensity:
D0 Abnormally Dry
D1 Drought - Moderate
D2 Drought - Severe
D3 Drought - Extreme
D4 Drought - Exceptional

Drought Impact Types:
~ Delineates dominant impacts
S = Short-Term, typically <6 months
(e.g. agriculture, grasslands)
L = Long-Term, typically >6 months
(e.g. hydrology, ecology)

The Drought Monitor focuses on broad-scale conditions.
Local conditions may vary. See accompanying text summary
for forecast statements.

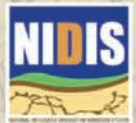
<http://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/>



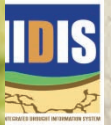
Released Thursday, September 27, 2012
Author: Anthony Artusa, NOAA/NWS/NCEP/CPC

Outline

- ▶ Background: The National Drought Mitigation Center
- ▶ The United States Drought Monitor
- ▶ New Drought Risk Atlas for the U.S.
- ▶ Questions



Types of Rain Gages



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National Drought Mitigation Center

- ▶ Established in 1995
- ▶ Founder: Dr. Don Wilhite
- ▶ Current Director: Dr. Mike Hayes
- ▶ The NDMC is a soft money, grant funded organization
- ▶ Current staff: 16 people, tremendous diversity of expertise

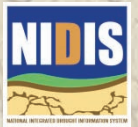


National Drought Mitigation Center

Mission: To lessen societal vulnerability to drought by promoting planning and the adoption of appropriate risk management techniques.



www.drought.unl.edu



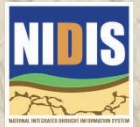
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National Drought Mitigation Center

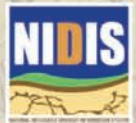
The NDMC is a ***critical National resource!***

- “**Go-to**” resource of drought-related information (example: 750 media contacts in 2012, over 1,000 in 2013)
- Drought monitoring (home of U.S. Drought Monitor and many other tools)
- “**Boundary organization**” that bridges the gap between *science and stakeholders*
- Provides leadership at the state and national level on drought preparedness
- International reputation, international resource
- Only center in U.S. that focuses on drought

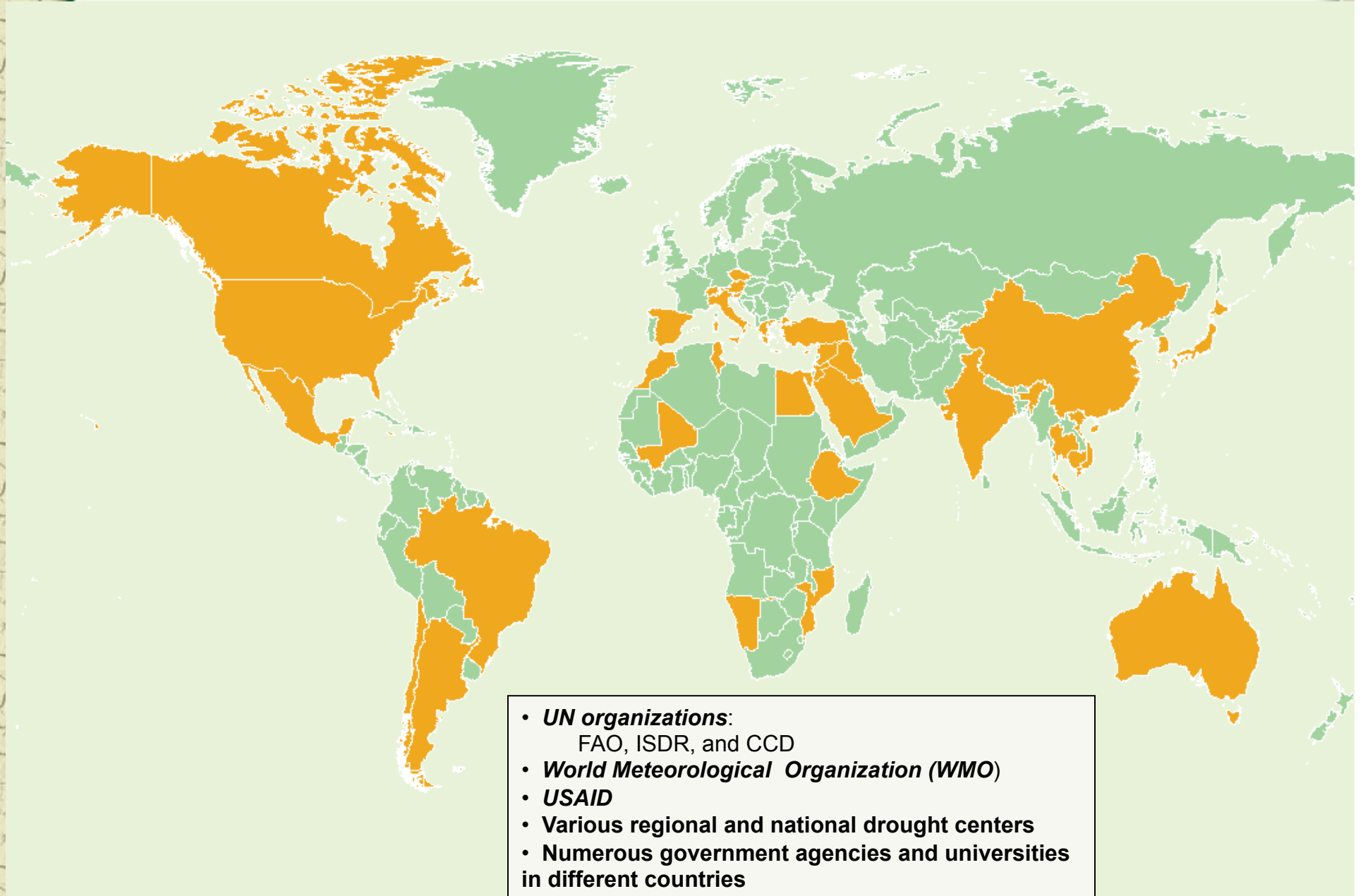


NDMC Program Objectives

- ▶ **Improve the science** of drought monitoring, planning
- ▶ Build **awareness** of drought **impacts** on socioeconomic and human health associated with Drought to the public via various means and techniques.
- ▶ Focus the importance of **drought policy and planning** in the wise stewardship of natural resources
- ▶ Conduct and maintain operational tools, research, outreach and training



NDMC International Activities

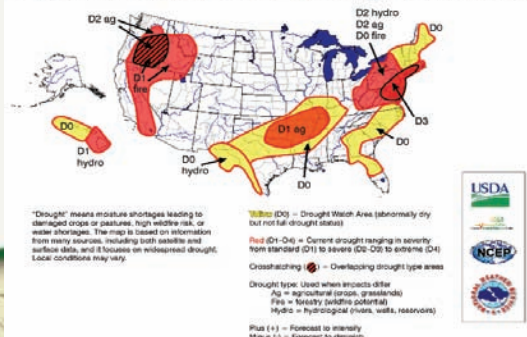


The U.S. Drought Monitor

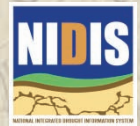
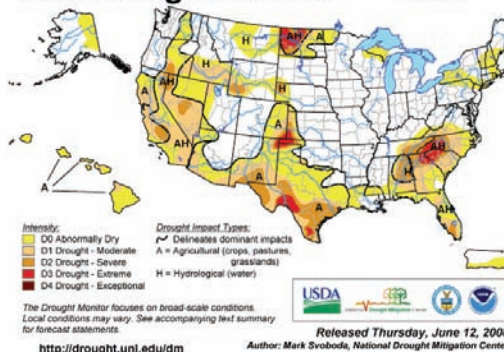
Since 1999, **NOAA (CPC, NCDC, WRCC), USDA, and the NDMC** have produced a weekly composite drought map -- the **U.S. Drought Monitor** -- with input from numerous federal and non-federal agencies

- **Western Region Climate Center** on board 2008
- **11** authors in all
- No direct “line item” funding in any budget
- **Incorporate** relevant information and products from all entities (and levels of government) dealing with drought (Regional Climate Center’s, State Climatologists, federal/state agencies, etc.) (**~350+ experts**)

August 3, 1999
Experimental U.S. Drought Monitor



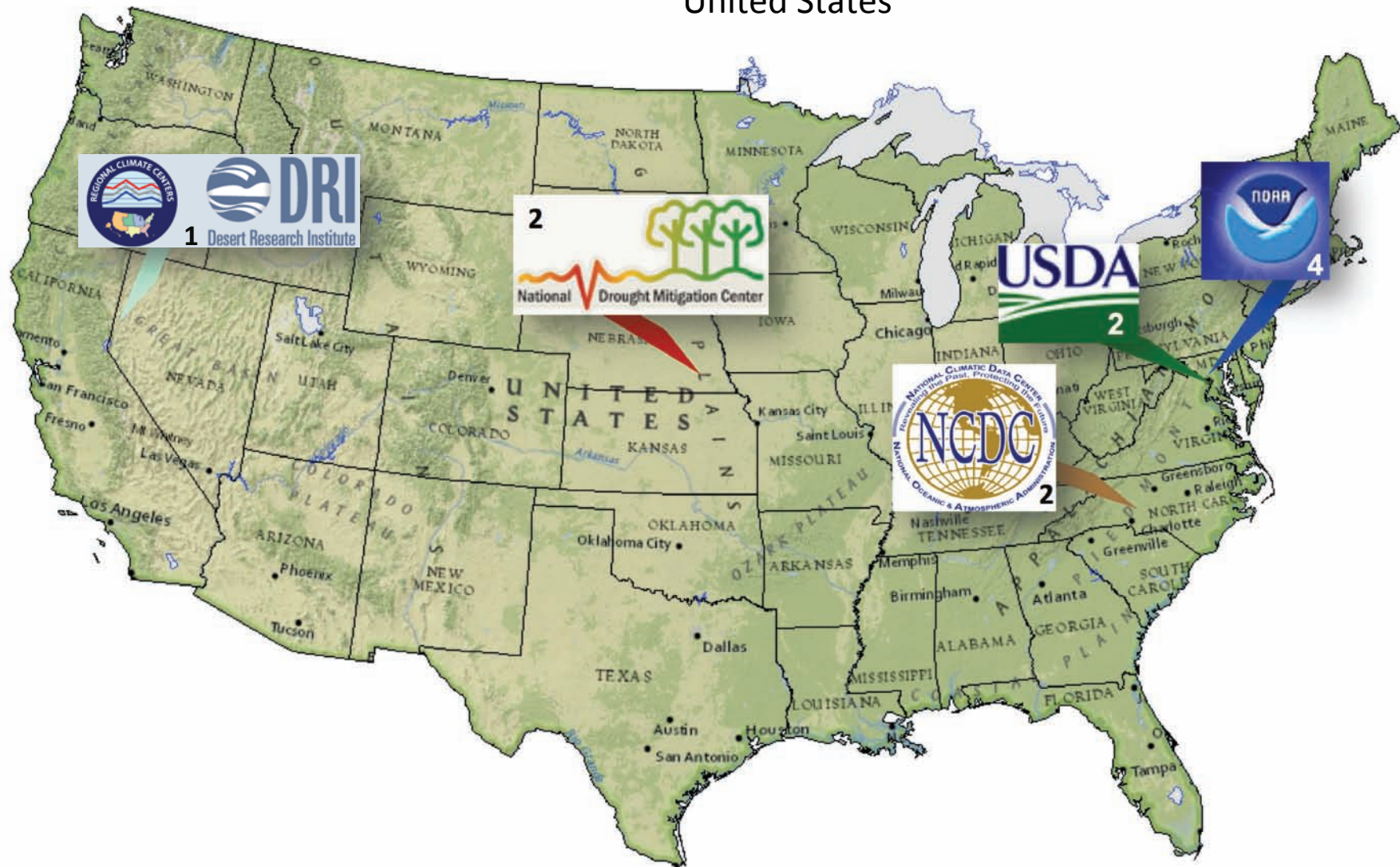
U.S. Drought Monitor June 10, 2008
Valid 8 a.m. EDT



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The 11 Drought Monitor Authors are located within various partnering agencies throughout the United States



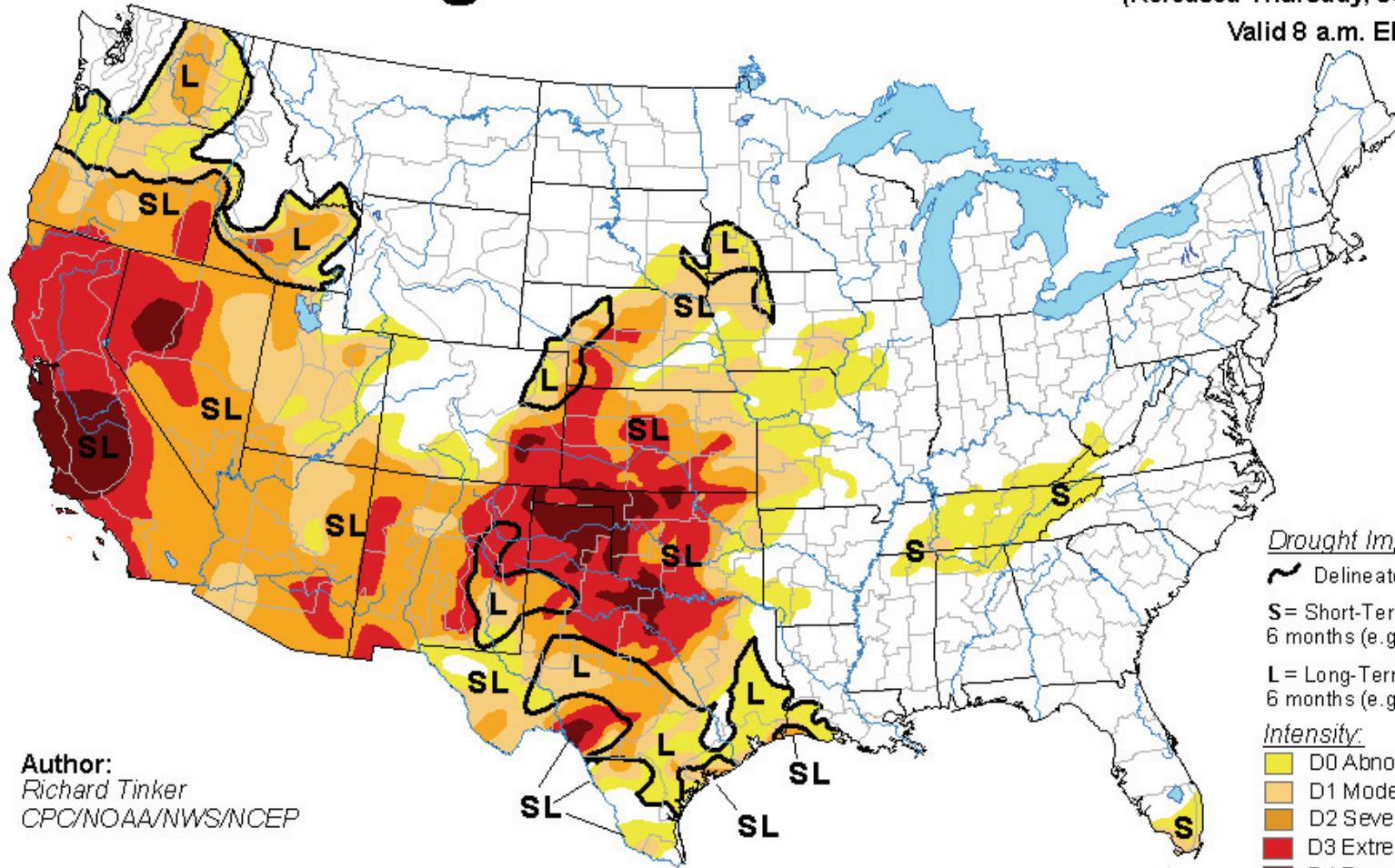
USDA Agricultural Weather Assessments
World Agricultural Outlook Board

U.S. Drought Monitor

June 3, 2014

(Released Thursday, Jun. 5, 2014)

Valid 8 a.m. EDT



Author:
Richard Tinker
CPC/NOAA/NWS/NCEP

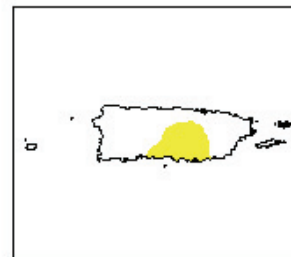
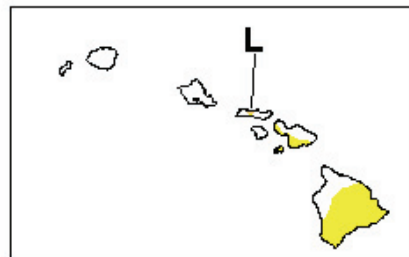
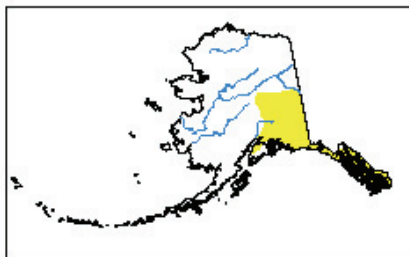
Drought Impact Types:

- ~ Delineates dominant impacts
- S= Short-Term, typically less than 6 months (e.g. agriculture, grasslands)
- L= Long-Term, typically greater than 6 months (e.g. hydrology, ecology)

Intensity:

- D0 Abnormally Dry
- D1 Moderate Drought
- D2 Severe Drought
- D3 Extreme Drought
- D4 Exceptional Drought

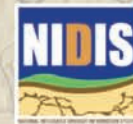
The Drought Monitor focuses on broad-scale conditions. Local conditions may vary. See accompanying text summary for forecast statements.



<http://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/>

NDMC's Role in the "Process"

- ▶ **2 of 11 authors:** Brian Fuchs and Mark Svoboda (Mike Hayes is a past author)
- ▶ **Hosting the USDM Listserver**
 - 350+ participants contributing each week
- ▶ **Dissemination of data/information** to stakeholders (media, govt. agencies, public etc)
 - Official Archive of all USDM related data and products
- ▶ **Hosting the USDM webpage and archive**
 - ~3.5M+ page views & ~2M+ visitors each year

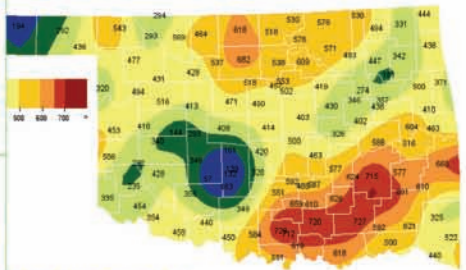
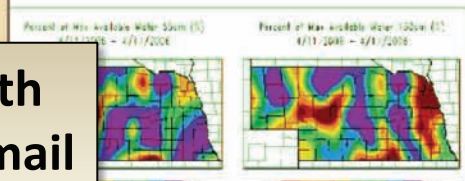
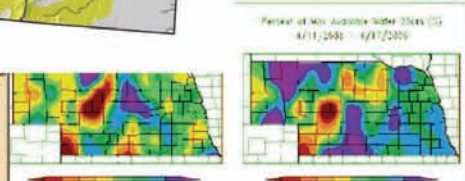
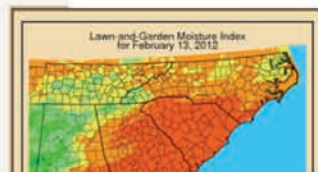
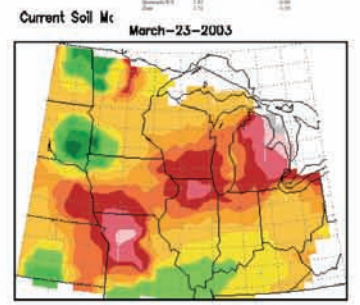
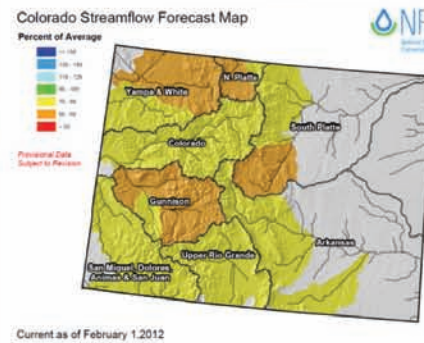
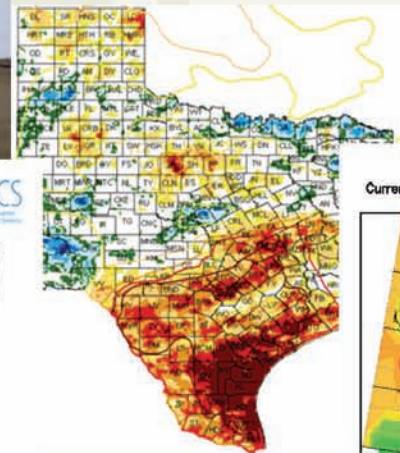


The Importance of Local Expert Input

▣ The U.S. Drought Monitor Team Relies on Field Observation Feedback from the Local Experts for Impacts Information & “Ground Truth”

- **Listserver (350+ Participants: 2/3 Federal, 1/3 State/Univ.)**

- Local NWS & USDA/NRCS Offices
- State Climate Offices
- State Drought Task Forces
- Regional Climate Centers

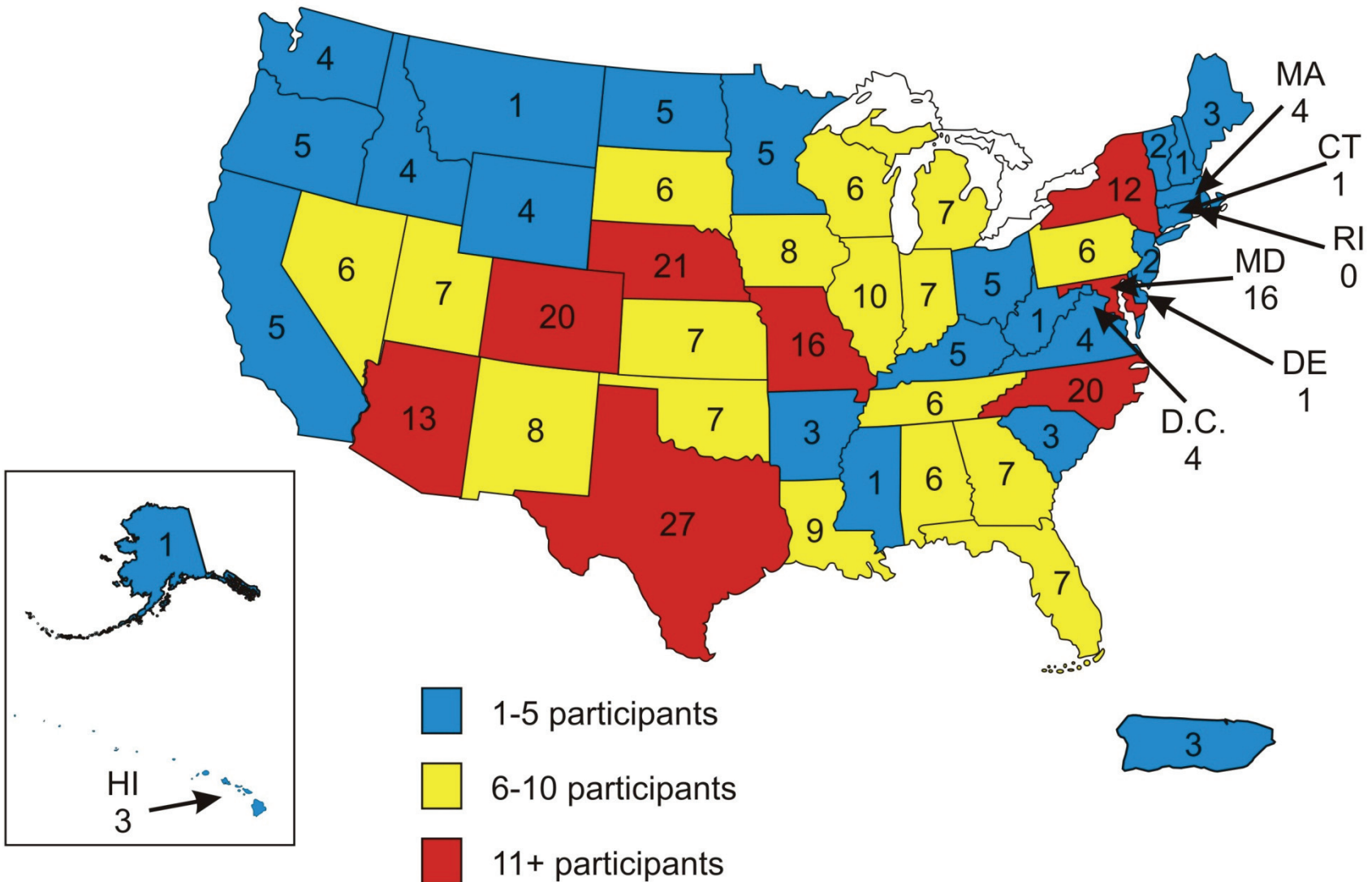


The primary means of communication with our “eyes in the field” is thru email; The email “Expert Group” is called the [USDM Listserver](#)



USDM Listserve Subscribers

(as of November 1, 2013)



Total: 345 (does not include 1 participant from Canada)



The Drought Monitor Concept

- ▣ A **consolidation** of indices and indicators into one comprehensive national drought map.

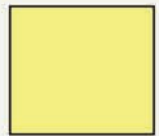
A “*Convergence of Evidence*” approach

- ▣ Trying to capture these drought characteristics:
 - the drought’s magnitude (duration + intensity)
 - spatial extent
 - probability of occurrence
 - Impacts
- ▣ Rates drought intensity by **percentile rankings**



U.S. Drought Monitor Map

Drought Intensity Categories



D0 **Abnormally Dry** (30%tile)



D1 Drought – **Moderate** (20%tile)



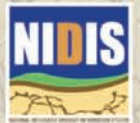
D2 Drought – **Severe** (10%tile)

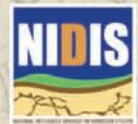
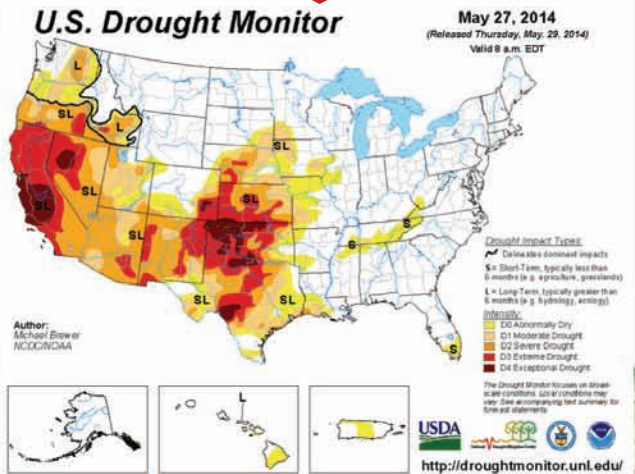
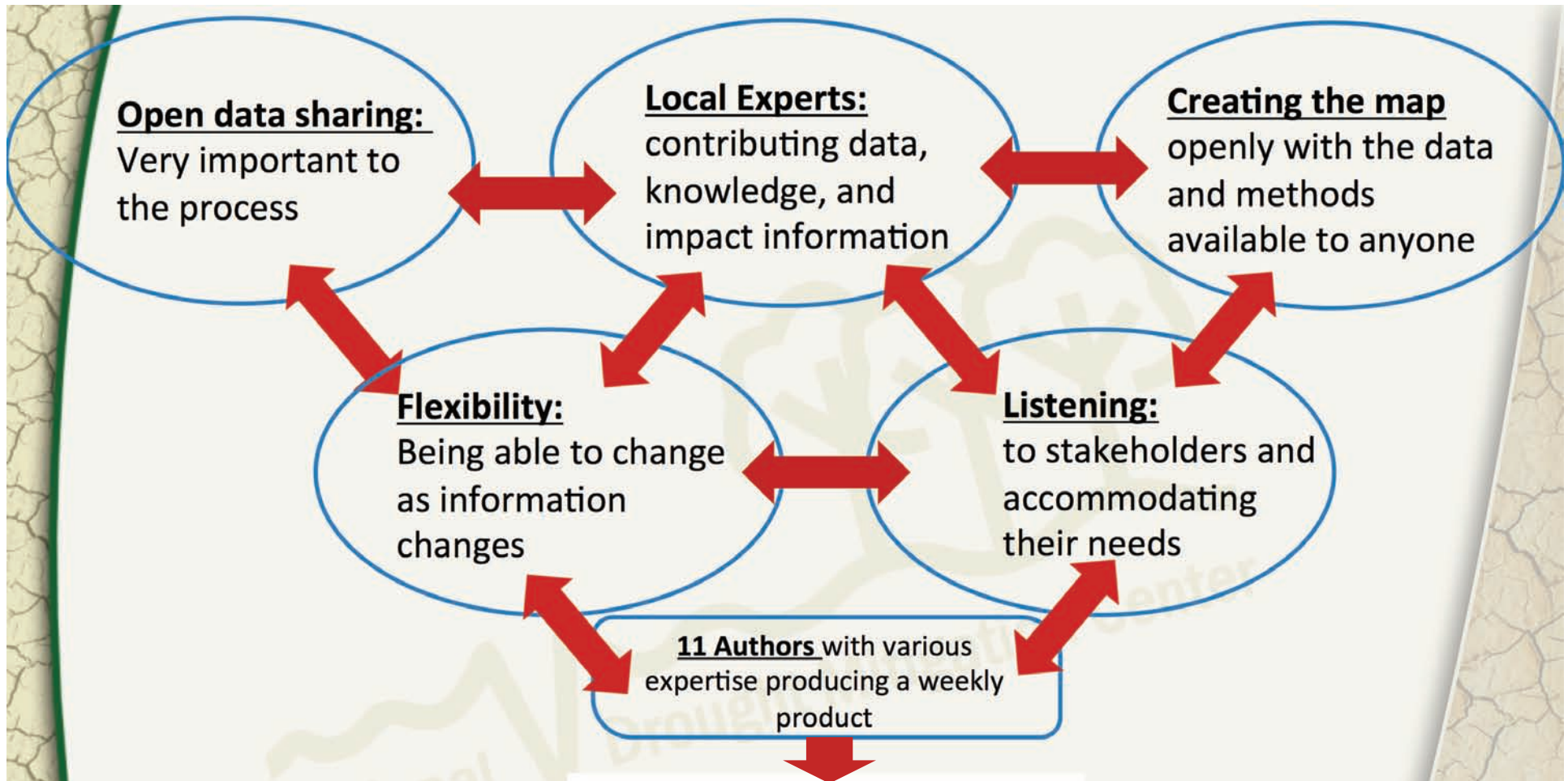


D3 Drought – **Extreme** (5%tile)



D4 Drought – **Exceptional** (2%tile)





Drought Impact Information

<http://droughtreporter.unl.edu/>

NDMC Drought Impact Reporter

Map Advanced Search **Submit a Report** About the DIR Help

Refresh

Impacts & Reports Overlays

Impacts

Opacity 80%

Impacts

- 0
- 1 - 10
- 11 - 20
- 21 - 30
- 31 - 40
- 41 - 49

Reports

Time Period

Location

Categories

Report Types

All States | 05-04-2014 - 06-04-2014

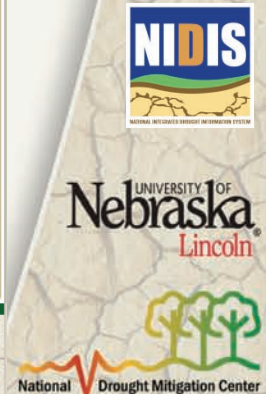
Impact Counts Impact List Report Counts Report List

Total Impacts | All States 131

Category					
	Agriculture	40		Business & Industry	5
	Energy	1		Fire	30
	Plants & Wildlife	35		Relief, Response & Restrictions	76
	Society & Public Health	21		Tourism & Recreation	6
	Water Supply & Quality	75			

Report Source

©2014 The National Drought Mitigation Center | 3310 Holdrege Street | P.O. Box 830988 | Lincoln, NE 68583-0988
 phone: (402) 472-6707 | fax: (402) 472-2946 | [Contact Us](#)



Citizens Providing Impact Information

Map Advanced Search Submit a Report About the DIR Help

Map Data

All States | 06-04-2013 - 06-04-2014 | ●

Total Impacts | All States

Category	Count
● Agriculture	144
● Energy	5
● Plants & Wildlife	151
● Society & Public Health	29
● Water Supply & Quality	83

Report Source

Media	4
CoCoRaHS	216

Impacts | California
06-04-2013 - 06-04-2014
Page 1 of 5

Duration: 12-03-2013 - 05-07-2014

Tuolumne County, California, water restrictions, can't water lawns, trees dying ▾

● ● ●

Duration: 04-01-2014 - 05-07-2014

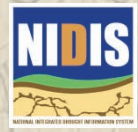
Affected Areas
Tuolumne County

Description
County wide utility district announced major cut backs of 40%. Residents can't water lawns this summer. Increased tree mortality in Stanislaus National Forest. CoCoRaHS Report from Station #Tuolumne City 2.0 N on 5/7/2014


Associated Reports
[CoCoRaHS Report from Station #Tuolumne City 2.0 N on 5/7/2014](#) ▶

Midpines, California, trees dying, rancher forced to sell cattle due to reduced grass growth ▾

● ●




Citizens Providing Data



COMMUNITY COLLABORATIVE RAIN, HAIL & SNOW NETWORK
"Because every drop counts"

Home | States | View Data | Maps My Data Entry | Login



<http://www.cocorahs.org/>

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- [Evapotranspiration](#)

- [Volunteer Coordinators](#)
- [Hail Pad Distribution/Drop-off](#)
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- [Printable Forms](#)

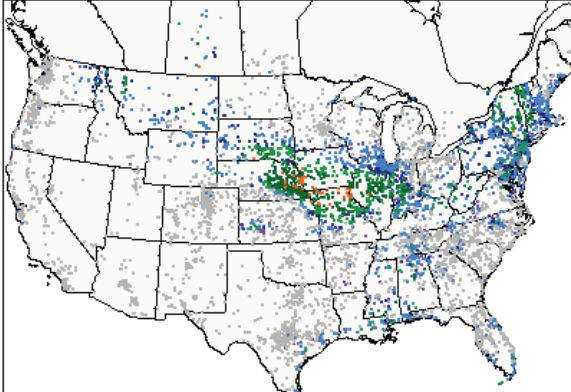
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- [Message of the Day](#)
- [Data Analysis](#)
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- [State Climate Series](#)
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Take the CoCoRaHS 'Spring Survey'
"EVERY OPINION COUNTS!"
 ON-LINE: MAY - JUNE 2014

7,535 daily precipitation reports received today as of 6/4/2014 12:52 PM EDT




Daily Precipitation (inches x.xx) USA 6/4/2014

0.0
Trace
0.00 - 0.24
0.25 - 0.48
0.49 - 1.20
1.21 - 2.88
2.89 - 4.32
4.33 - 4.80






Canada

JOIN CoCoRaHS



TRAINING SLIDE-SHOWS

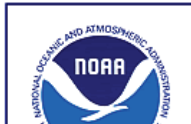
Things to know about...

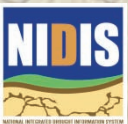
-  **Rain**
-  **Hail**
-  **Snow**

CoCoRaHS WxTalk Webinar Series



Purchase an official CoCoRaHS 4" Rain Gauge
 "The official CoCoRaHS Rain Gauge supplier"
WEATHERYOURWAY.COM

Fast, Friendly service from a meteorologist and fellow CoCoRaHS Observer





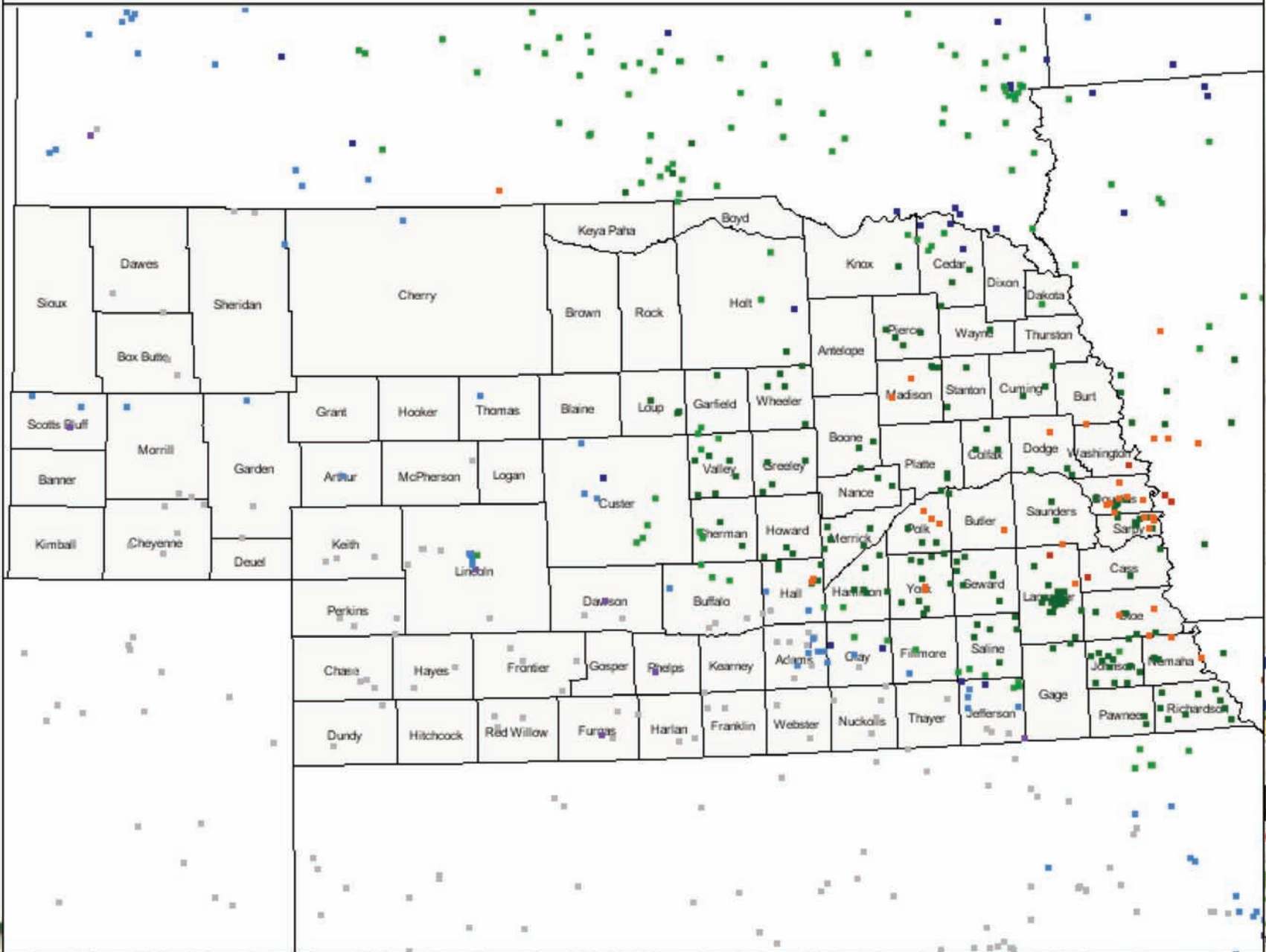
NATIONAL INTEGRATED DROUGHT INFORMATION SYSTEM

Daily Precipitation (inches x.xx), for the 24 hour period ending ~7:00 am

Nebraska 6/4/2014

0.0 Trace 0.01 - 0.21 0.22 - 0.42 0.43 - 1.06 1.07 - 2.56 2.57 - 3.84 3.85 - 4.28



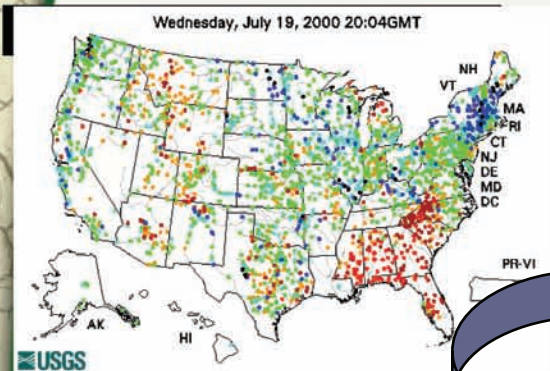
OF
Nebraska
COLN



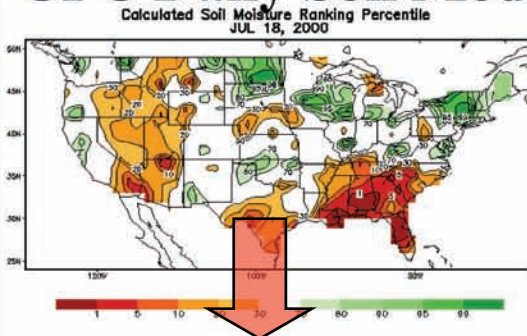
Center

Principal Drought Monitor Inputs

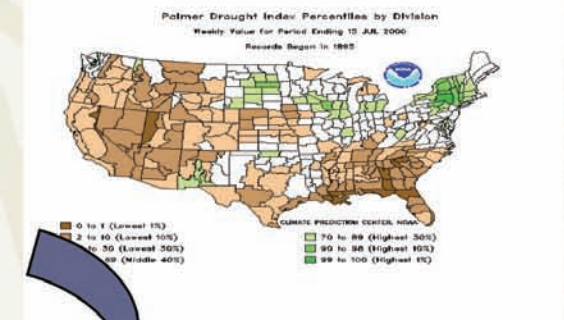
USGS Streamflow



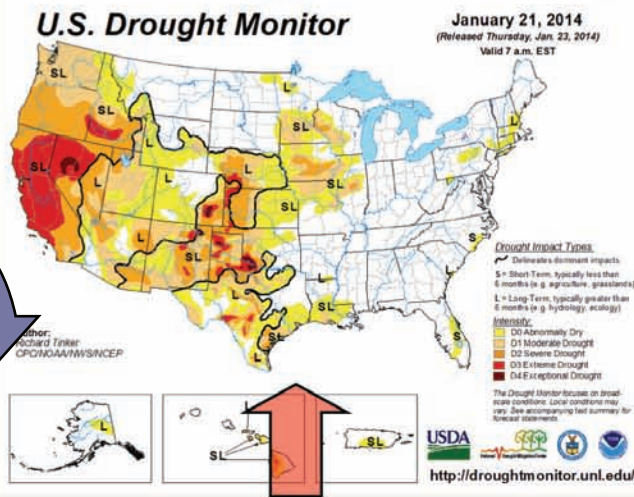
CPC Daily Soil Model



Palmer Drought Index

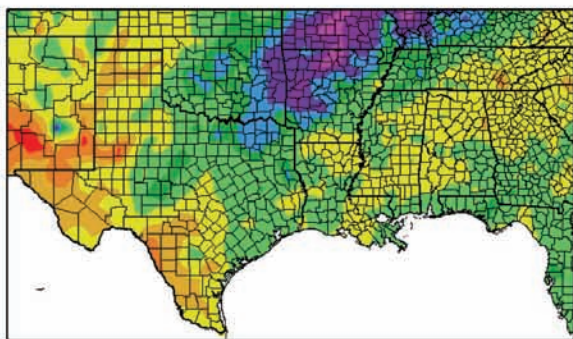


U.S. Drought Monitor

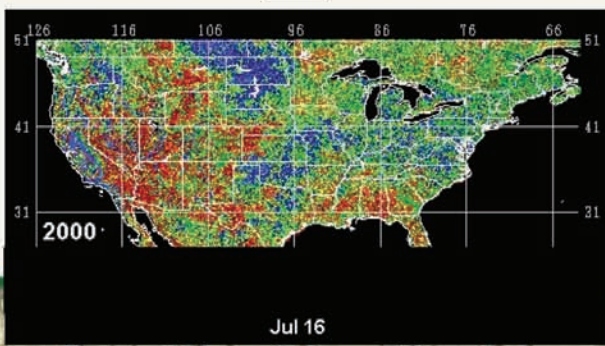


SPI Drought Index

90 Day SPI
1/16/2008 - 4/14/2008

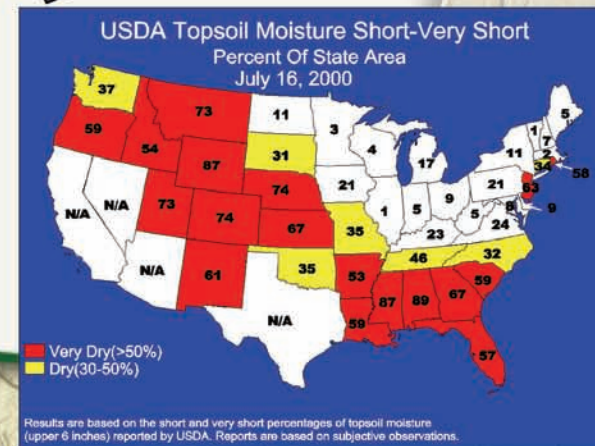


Generated 4/15/2008 at HPRCC using provisional data. National Drought Mitigation Center



Satellite Veg Health

USDA Soil Ratings



Results are based on the short and very short percentages of topsoil moisture (upper 6 inches) reported by USDA. Reports are based on subjective observations.

U.S. Drought Monitor

Integrates Key Drought Indicators:

- Palmer Drought Index
- SPI (1 month to 36 months)
- KBDI
- Modeled Soil Moisture
 - NLDAS
- 7-14 Day Avg. Streamflow
- Precipitation Anomalies

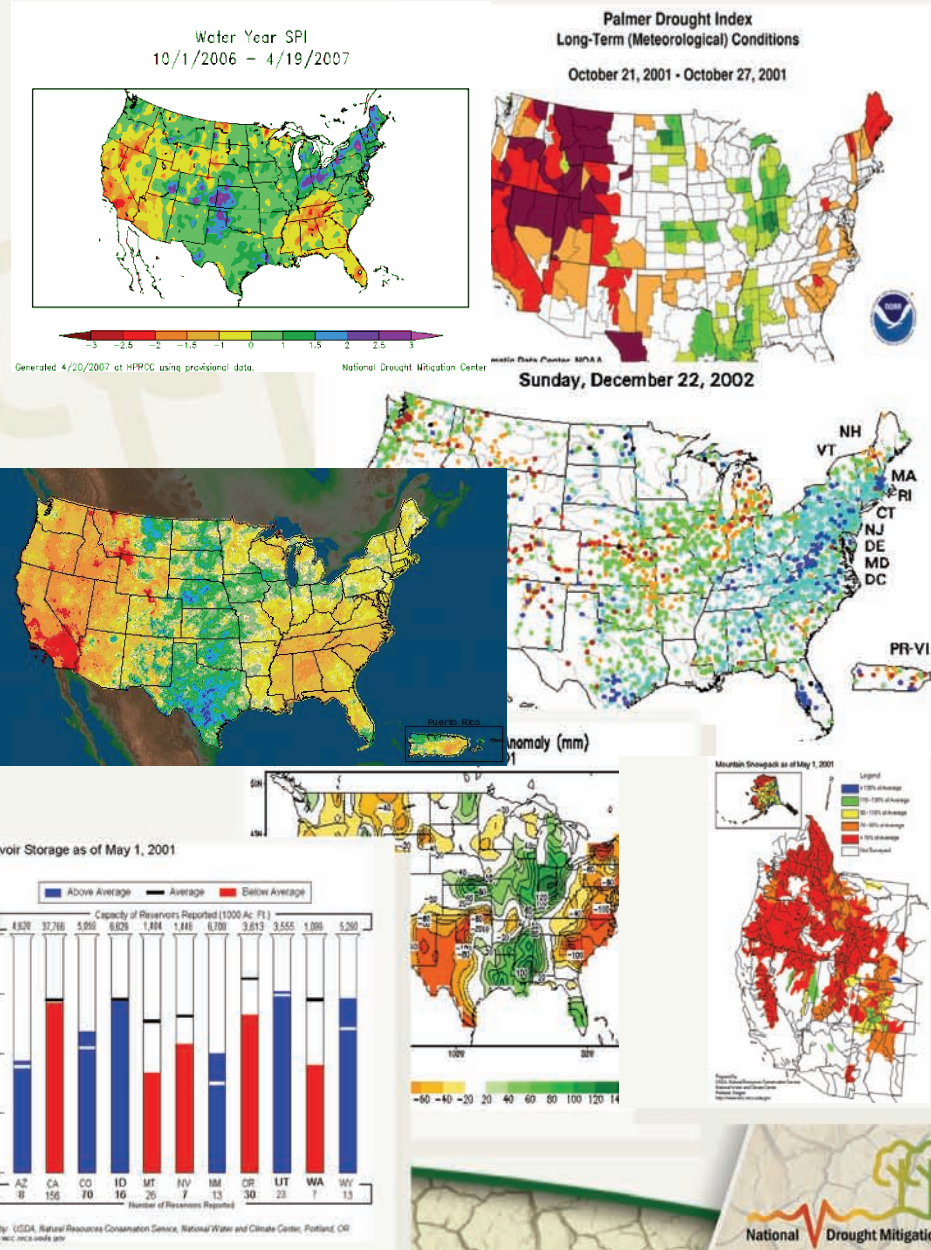
Growing Season:

- Crop Moisture Index
- Sat. Veg. Health Index
- VegDRI/ESI/etc.
- Soil Moisture
- Mesonets
- State/Regional

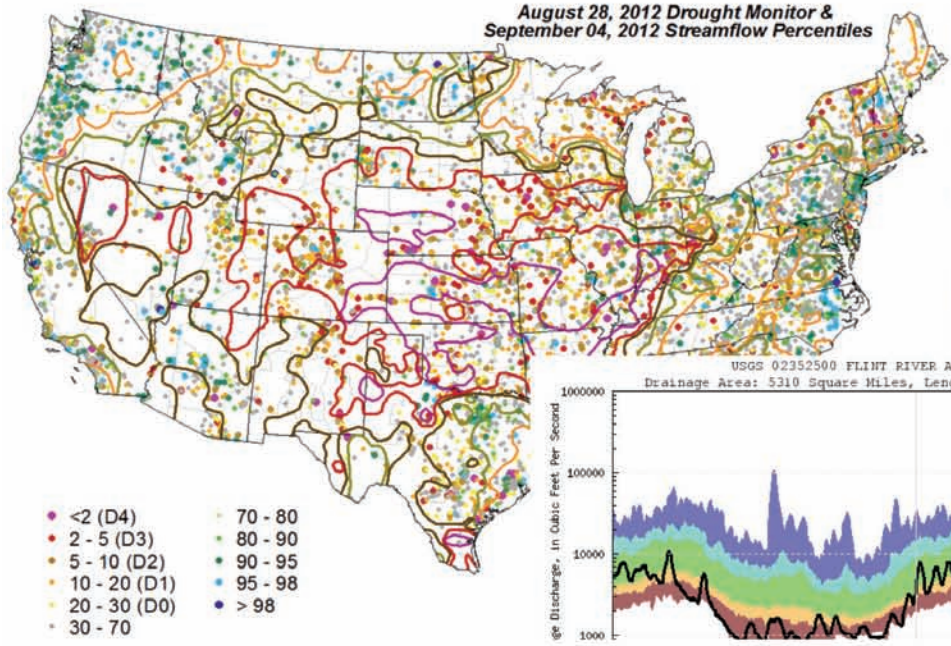
In The West:

- SWSI
- Reservoir levels
- Snowpack (SNOTEL)
- SWE
- Streamflow

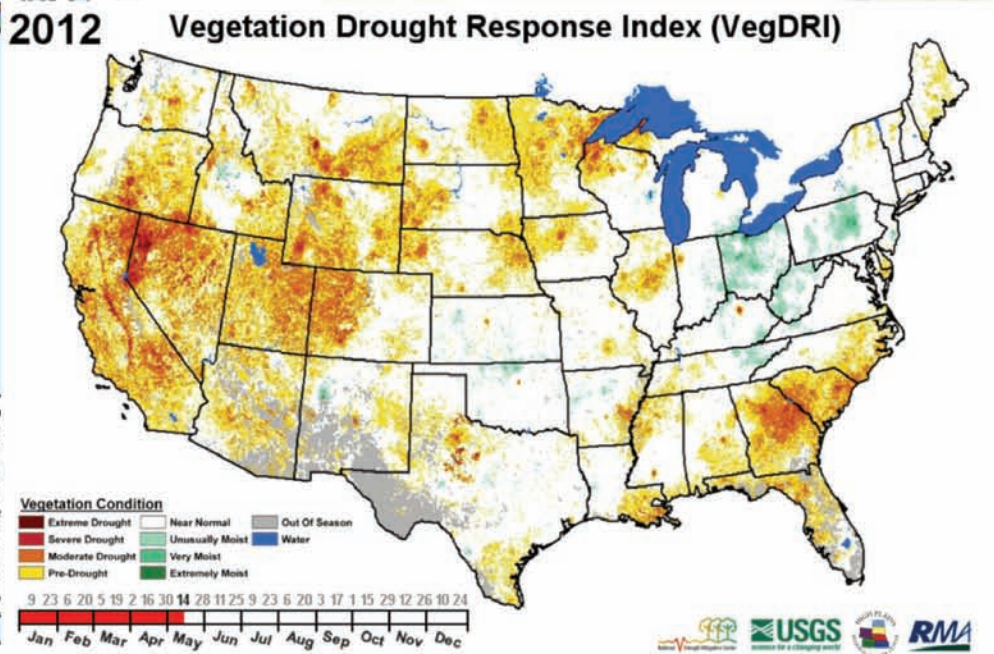
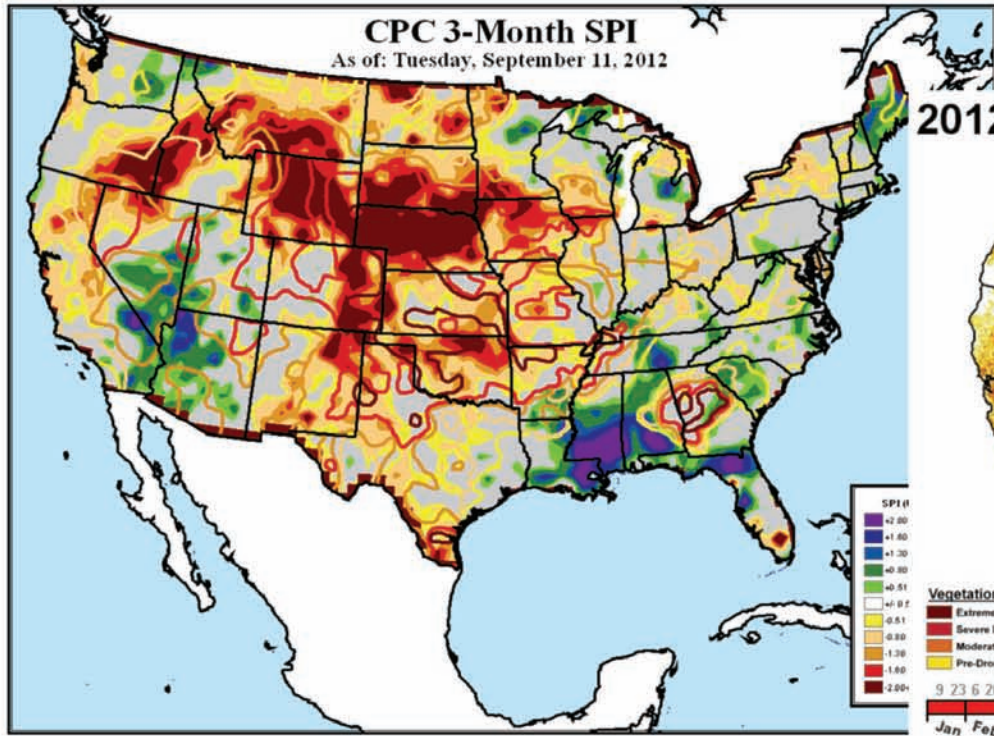
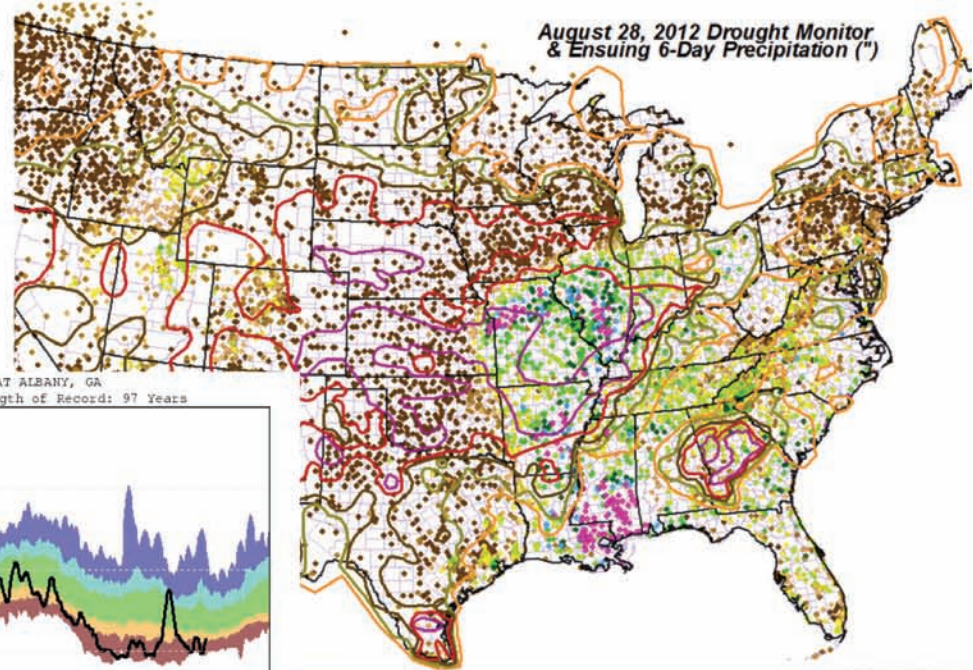
Created in ArcGIS



August 28, 2012 Drought Monitor & September 04, 2012 Streamflow Percentiles

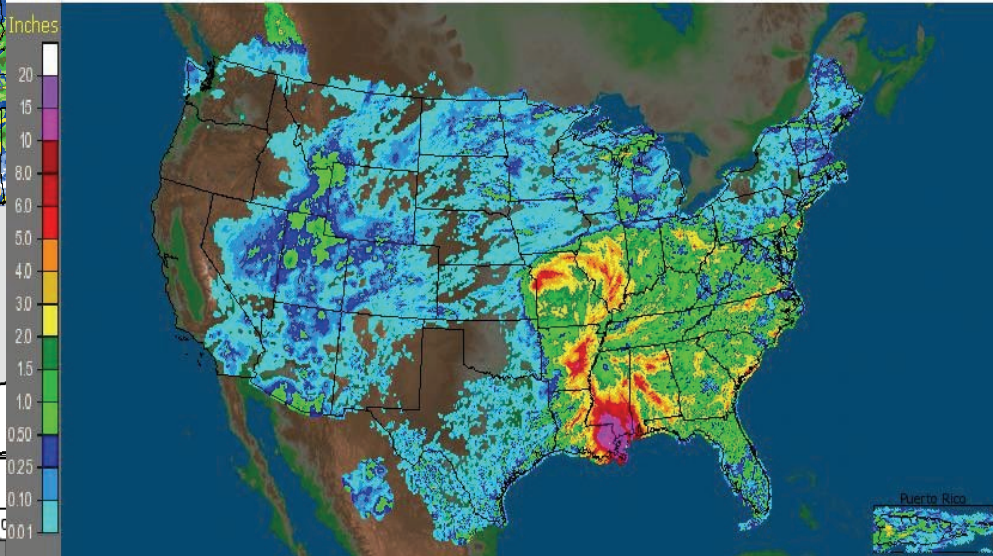
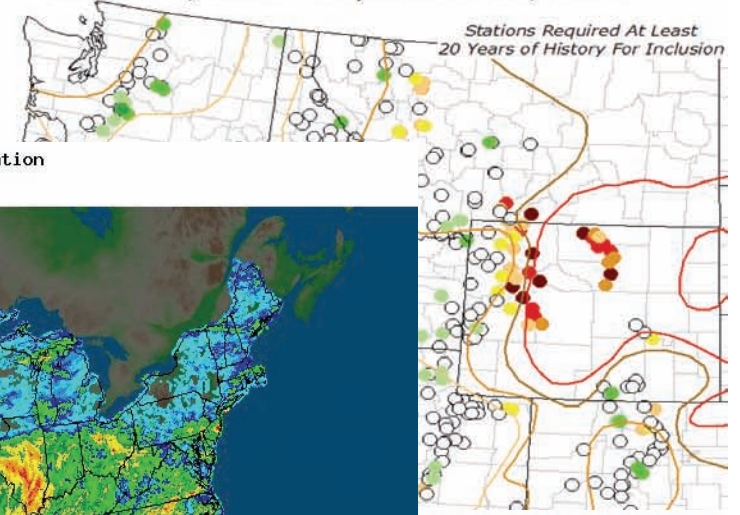
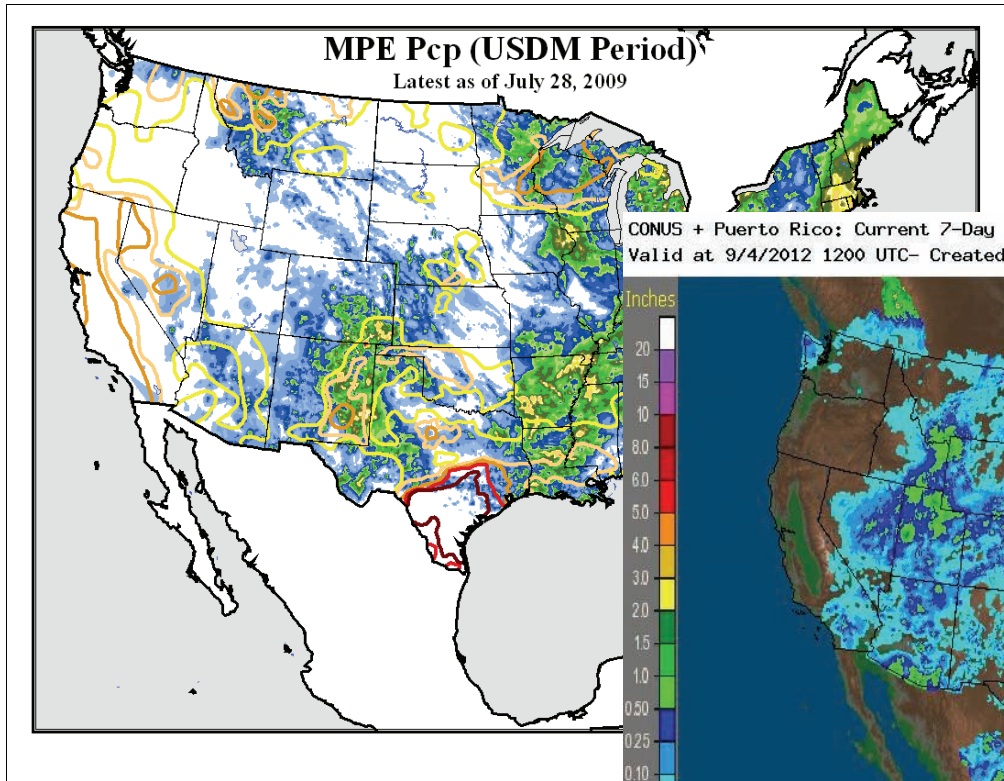


August 28, 2012 Drought Monitor & Ensuing 6-Day Precipitation (")

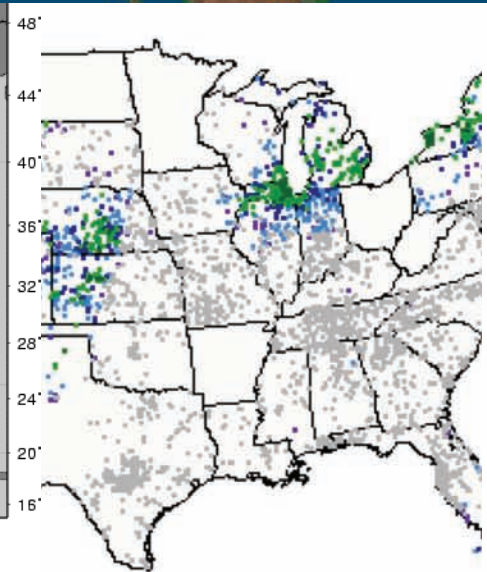
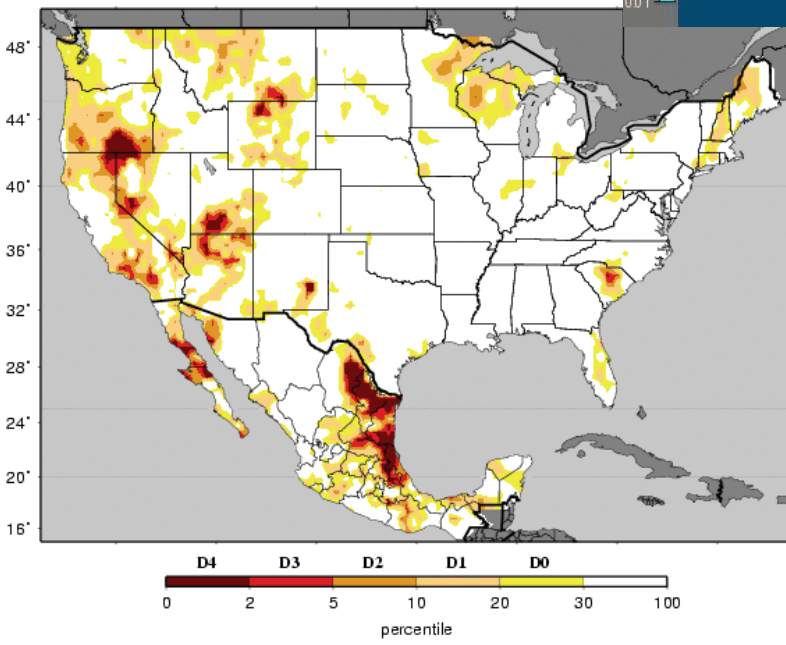


SNOTEL Water Year Precipitation Percentiles

October 1, 2005 - September 12, 2006



Equivalent (SWE) Ranking Percentile



- Current Snow Water Equivalent (SWE) Ranking Percentile
- ✱ wettest 5%
 - ▲ 91% - 95%
 - ▲ 81% - 90%
 - ▲ 71% - 80%
 - ▲ 51% - 70%
 - ▼ 31% - 50%
 - ▼ 21% - 30%
 - ▼ 11% - 20%
 - ▼ 6% - 10%
 - driest 5%
 - snow free
- Provisional Data Subject to Revision*



Analysis includes sites with more than 20 years of historical data.
 Prepared by the USDA/NRCS National Water and Climate Center
 Portland, Oregon <http://www.wcc.nrcs.usda.gov/>
 Based on data from [ftp://ftp.wcc.nrcs.usda.gov/data/water/wccs/gis/data](http://ftp.wcc.nrcs.usda.gov/data/water/wccs/gis/data)
 Science contact: Tom Pagano@pwr.usda.gov 503 414 3010

droughtmonitor.unl.edu

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Current Conditions

Forecasts

What's New

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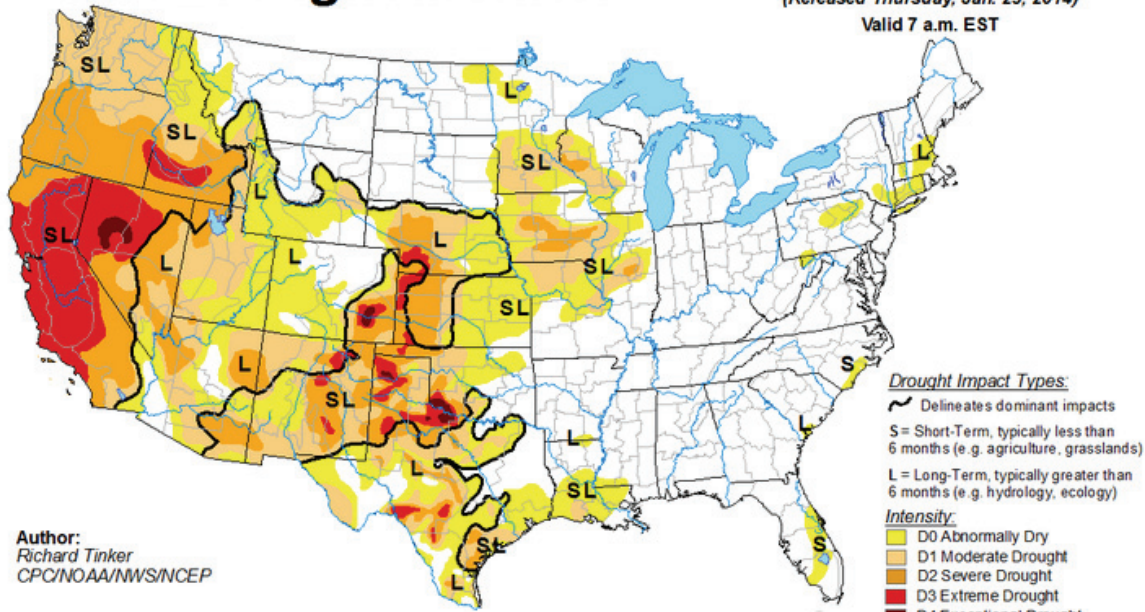
Maps and Data Services

United States Drought Monitor

Home

U.S. Drought Monitor

January 21, 2014
(Released Thursday, Jan. 23, 2014)
Valid 7 a.m. EST



Author:
Richard Tinker
CPC/NOAA/NWS/NCEP

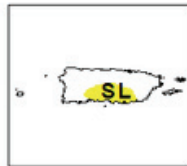
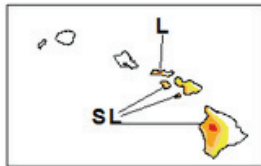
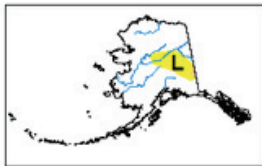
Drought Impact Types:

- ~ Delineates dominant impacts
- S = Short-Term, typically less than 6 months (e.g. agriculture, grasslands)
- L = Long-Term, typically greater than 6 months (e.g. hydrology, ecology)

Intensity:

- D0 Abnormally Dry
- D1 Moderate Drought
- D2 Severe Drought
- D3 Extreme Drought
- D4 Exceptional Drought

The Drought Monitor focuses on broad-scale conditions. Local conditions may vary. See accompanying text summary for forecast statements.



<http://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/>

National Drought Summary for Jan 21, 2014

Hawaii, Alaska, and Puerto Rico

Through most of the dry areas in Alaska, Puerto Rico, and Hawaii, light to locally moderate precipitation fell. A small area in south-central Puerto Rico reported more than one inch of rain. Dryness and drought classifications were unchanged.

The Northeast

The Rest of the Contiguous 48 States

Looking Ahead

Author(s):

Richard Tinker, NOAA/NWS/NCEP/CPC

[View a printable narrative here.](#)

NOTE: To view regional drought conditions, click on map above. State maps can be accessed from regional maps

US Drought Monitor Map Archive

Home

Data Archive

Current Conditions

Forecasts

What's New

About USDM

FAQ

Links

Maps and Data Services

United States Drought Monitor

Home > Data Archive

U.S. Drought Monitor Data Archive

Contiguous U.S.

Drought Severity

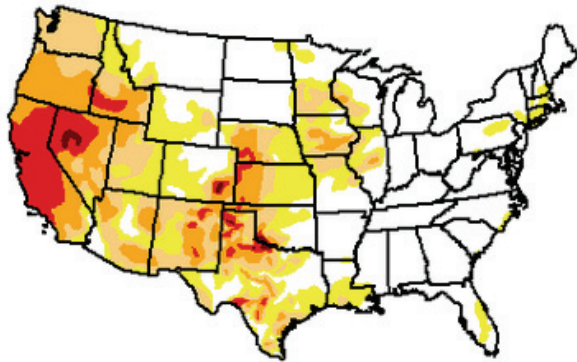
D0 - Abnormally Dry

D1 Drought - Moderate

D2 Drought - Severe

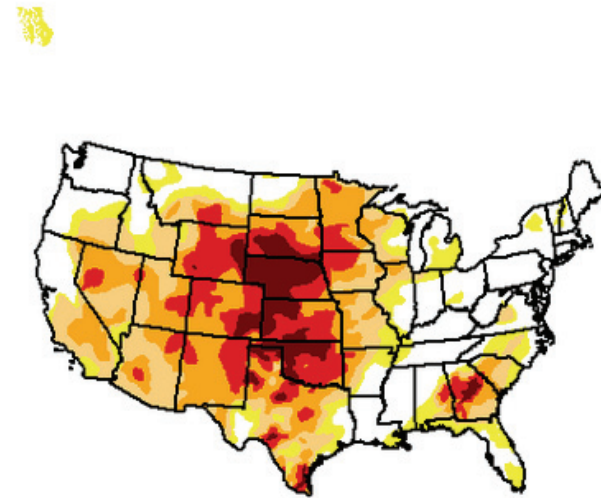
D3 Drought - Extreme

D4 Drought - Exceptional



PNG PDF JPG

January 21, 2014



PNG PDF JPG

January 22, 2013

US Drought Monitor Data Archive

Home Maps And Data Supplemental Info About USDM USDM News Update Bookmarks

United States Drought Monitor

Home > Maps And Data > GIS Data

GIS Data Archive

Contact for GIS Data Requests

For more information regarding the Drought Monitor datasets, please contact Brian Fuchs at the NDMC via [e-mail](#).

For those individuals interested in obtaining DM data for a period of time longer than a few weeks, please [e-mail](#) your request to Brian Fuchs. Include the date range, for example 2005-2009, and the state or county names. We will make every effort to respond to your request as soon as possible.

Current Drought Monitor Files

Metadata

Combined Shapefiles KMZ WMS

Shapefiles KML Files GML files OGC WMS files Excel files DM Colors

Please cite the Drought Monitor by including the National Drought Mitigation Center (NDMC), the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) and the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA).

Data

2014

2013

2012

2011

2010

2009

2008

2007

2006

2005

2004

2003

2002

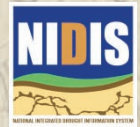
2001


2000

Download all Drought Monitor shapefiles for [2014](#).

Date	KMZ	Shapefiles	GML	WMS	Statistics
2014-06-03	KMZ	SHP Impacts	GML	WMS	U.S. State County
2014-05-27	KMZ	SHP Impacts	GML	WMS	U.S. State County
2014-05-20	KMZ	SHP Impacts	GML	WMS	U.S. State County
2014-05-13	KMZ	SHP Impacts	GML	WMS	U.S. State County
2014-05-06	KMZ	SHP Impacts	GML	WMS	U.S. State County
2014-04-29	KMZ	SHP Impacts	GML	WMS	U.S. State County
2014-04-22	KMZ	SHP Impacts	GML	WMS	U.S. State County
2014-04-15	KMZ	SHP Impacts	GML	WMS	U.S. State County
2014-04-08	KMZ	SHP Impacts	GML	WMS	U.S. State County
2014-04-01	KMZ	SHP Impacts	GML	WMS	U.S. State County

All the data associated with the US Drought Monitor is available freely to the public.





The National Drought Mitigation Center's Drought Risk Atlas

Brian Fuchs

Mark Svoboda

Chris Poulsen

Jeff Nothwehr

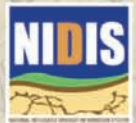
National Drought Mitigation Center
School of Natural Resources
University of Nebraska-Lincoln

This work is funded under a grant from the Sectoral Applications Research Program (SARP) of the NOAA-Climate Program Office. Additional Funding was provided by the NIDIS Program Office and the USDA- Risk Management Service (RMA).



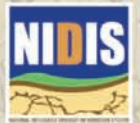
The Drought Risk Atlas will answer:

- ▶ How does the drought compare historically?
- ▶ How often does a drought of this magnitude happen (frequency)?
- ▶ When was the last time a drought like this happened?
- ▶ What is the likelihood of the drought continuing?
- ▶ What did the spatial footprint of the last drought look like?

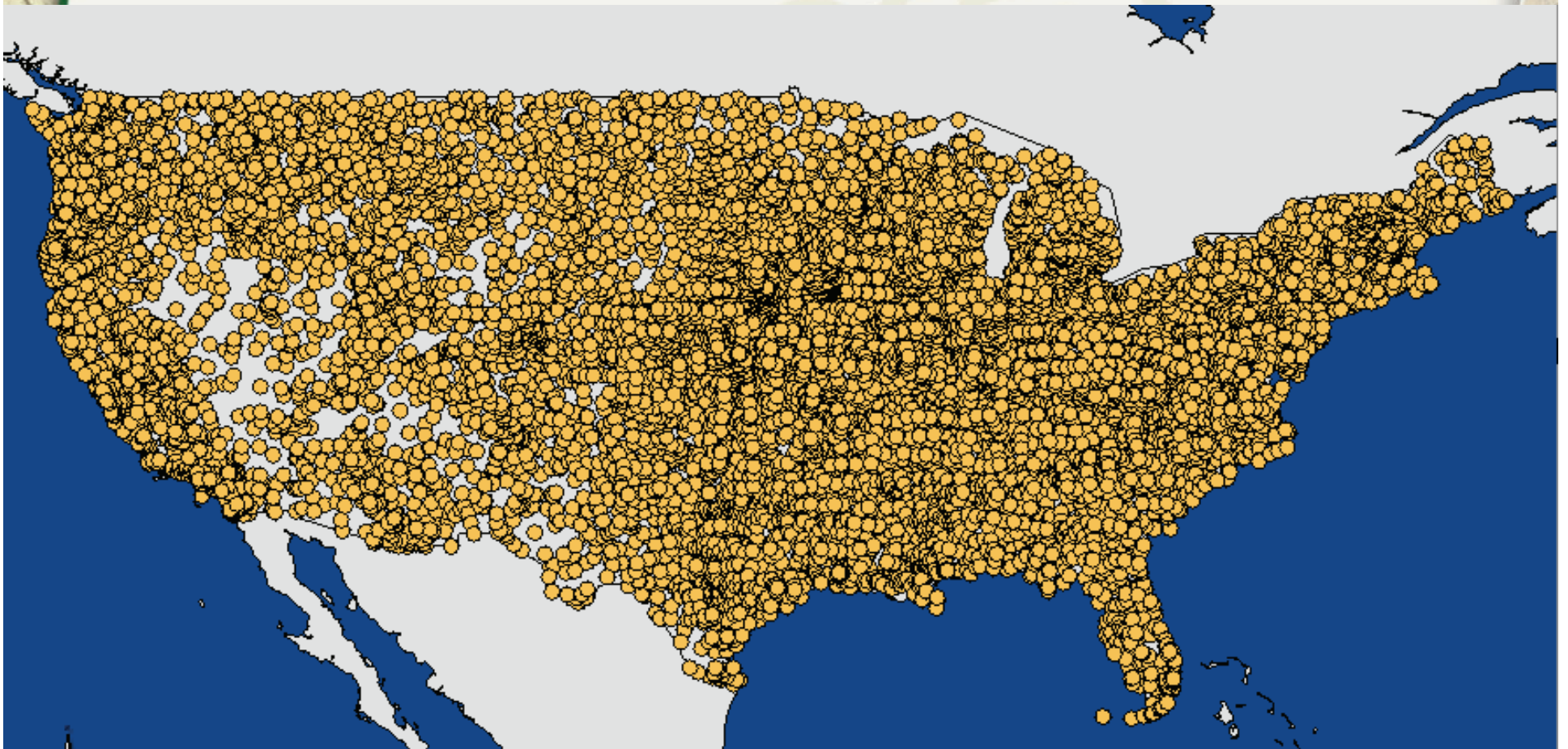


The Drought Risk Atlas Methodology

- ▶ Using the best, most complete, long-term weather stations from the COOP network.
- ▶ Calculating the climatology and various drought indices (SPI, SPEI, Deciles, PDSI, SC-PDSI, Drought Monitor) for each station.
- ▶ Providing the data for various time steps (weekly, monthly, annually)
- ▶ Gridded maps of each index for each aggregated timestep.



Over 12,000 Cooperative Observing Network Stations (COOP)



COOPERATIVE OBSERVERS' METEOROLOGICAL RECORD:

Month of Feb, 1933; Station, Hagerman; County, Chaves
 State, N.M.; Latitude, 32° 37'; Longitude, 104° 25'; Hour of Observation, 7:30 AM
 Time used on this form, Water

DATE	TEMPERATURE				PRECIPITATION					PREVAILING WIND DIRECTION	CHARACTER OF DAY, SUNRISE TO SUNSET	MISCELLANEOUS PHENOMENA
	MAXIMUM	MINIMUM	RANGE	* SET MAX.	TIME OF BEGINNING	TIME OF ENDING	AMOUNT	SNOWFALL IN INCHES	DEPTH OF SNOW ON GROUND AT TIME OF OBSERVATION			
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9			
1	62	16	24							S.W.	Clear	
2	64	17	22							N.W.	Clear	
3	54	21	23							N.E.	Clear	
4	57	23	32							N.W.	Clear	
5	49	25	33							N.W.	P. Cloudy	
6	65	30	39							S.W.	Clear	
7	60	10	10							S.W.	Cloudy	
8	10	-34	-10		7:30 AM	11:15	T	3.	3.	N.E.	Cloudy	
9	16	-18	-2							N.	Clear	
10	22	-2	5							N.	Clear	
11	27	5	13						1.62	N.	Clear	
12	53	13	18							N.	Clear	
13	60	28	26							S.W.	P. Cloudy	
14	69	25	35							S.W.	Clear	
15	62	19	19							N.	Clear	
16	68	18	26							S.E.	P. Cloudy	
17	72	18	26							S.W.	Clear	
18	67	22	34							S.W.	Clear	
19	65	28	34							S.W.	P. Cloudy	
20	56	20	30							N.	Clear	
21	60	12	24							N.	Clear	
22	65	24	35							S.	Clear	
23	74	23	23							E.	Clear	
24	76	23	59							S.E.	P. Cloudy	
25	72	39	49		11:15	11:15	H.K.			S.E.	Cloudy	
26	46	33	36				T			S.E.	Cloudy	
27	39	28	31		11:15	11:15	.13			S.E.	Cloudy	
28	68	28	34							S.E.	P. Cloudy	
29												
30												
31												
SUM	1558	492					0.44	3.0		S.W.		
MEAN	55.6	17.6										

TEMPERATURE
 Mean maximum, 55.6
 Mean minimum, 17.6
 Mean, 36.6
 Maximum, 76; date, 24
 Minimum, -34; date, 8
 Greatest daily range, 54

PRECIPITATION
 Total, 0.44; inches; greatest in 24 hours, 0.18
 Date, Feb 25

SNOW
 Total snowfall, 3.0 inches
 On ground 15th, 0 inches
 At end of month, 0 inches

NUMBER OF DAYS—
 With .01 inch or more precipitation, 3
 Clear, 17; partly cloudy, 6
 Cloudy, 5

DATES OF—
 Fog { Light, _____
 Dense, _____
 Killing frost, _____
 Thunderstorms, _____
 Hail { Light, _____
 Moderate, _____
 Heavy, _____
 Sleet, _____
 Auroras, _____

REMARKS:

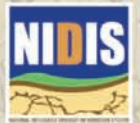
* Reading of maximum thermometer immediately after setting.
 † Including rain, hail, sleet, and melted snow.
 ‡ Thunderstorms, halos, auroras, etc.

W. E. Bowen, Cooperative Observer.
 Hagerman, N.M.
 8-253 U. S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE: 1928 Post Office Address, _____



Data Criteria for the Drought Atlas

- ▶ Minimum of 40 years of data available at each station.
 - Most have longer periods of record.
- ▶ No more than 2 consecutive months of missing data at any time in the period of record.
- ▶ A unique start date was established for each station.





Drought Risk Atlas



Stations used in the Drought Risk Atlas

Welco

Introd

The idea of... from the orig... States Army... 1990s. The... Climate Net... of record at... 1940s to pi... climate divis... Drought Sev... climatologica... to use this t... to make bet... For the new... both in the... the most co

HCN. Using a weekly time-step to calculate multiple drought indices at each station location, not on a climate division scale, allows for a more precise representation of drought histories. The Standardized Precipitation Index (SPI), Standardized Precipitation-Evapotranspiration Index (SPEI), Palmer Drought Severity Index (PDSI), Deciles, United States Drought Monitor and other climatological data are included in the new Drought Risk Atlas. Along with the climatological data, gridded maps created on a weekly time-step are available for the entire United States.

- 3059 stations with 40+ years of data
- 349 stations with 100+ years of data (11.50%)
- 537 stations with 90+ years of data (17.68%)
- 827 stations with 80+ years of data (27.22%)
- 1170 stations with 70+ years of data (38.51%)
- 1733 stations with 60+ years of data (57.04%)
- 2462 stations with 50+ years of data (81.04%)

Help

Instructions on how to use the various features and tools of the Drought Risk Atlas.

25.

t indices. Frequency
ation and index

re drought indices

d and who was

3,059 Stations in the DRA 139 Unique Climate Regimes



Climate Data

Options Available for Each Station

Selected Atlas Station: 253395 (GRAND ISLAND AP)

Select New Station

Station Climate Deciles SPI SPEI PDSI SC-PDSI Drought Monitor Drought Periods Compare Indices Frequencies



Similar Stations

253395: GRAND ISLAND AP

Latitude

40.961

Longitude

-98.314

Elevation (ft)

1840

State

Nebraska

County

Hall

Climate Division

5

Time Period

1/1/1908 - 12/31/2012

Years on Record

104

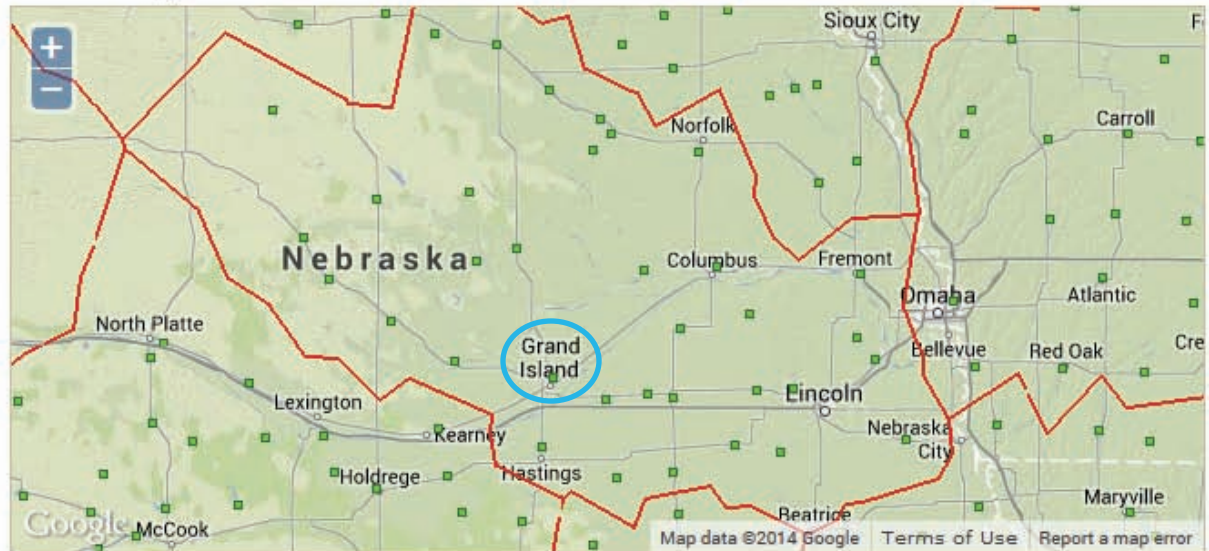
Precipitation Only

No

[Download Metadata](#)

The Atlas period of record can and will vary from the ACIS period of record. Stations may have had data periods that did not meet the criteria used in the Atlas. Those data periods are not included here. [More information](#)

Atlas Region



252805: EWING

253050: FREMONT

253065: FRIEND 3E

253175: GENEVA

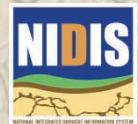
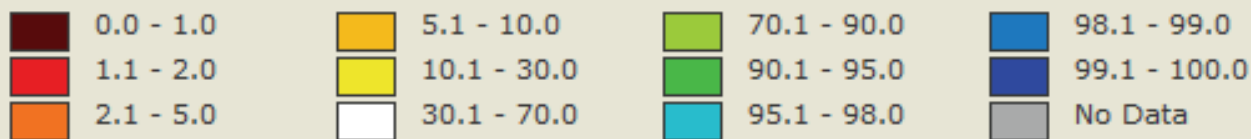
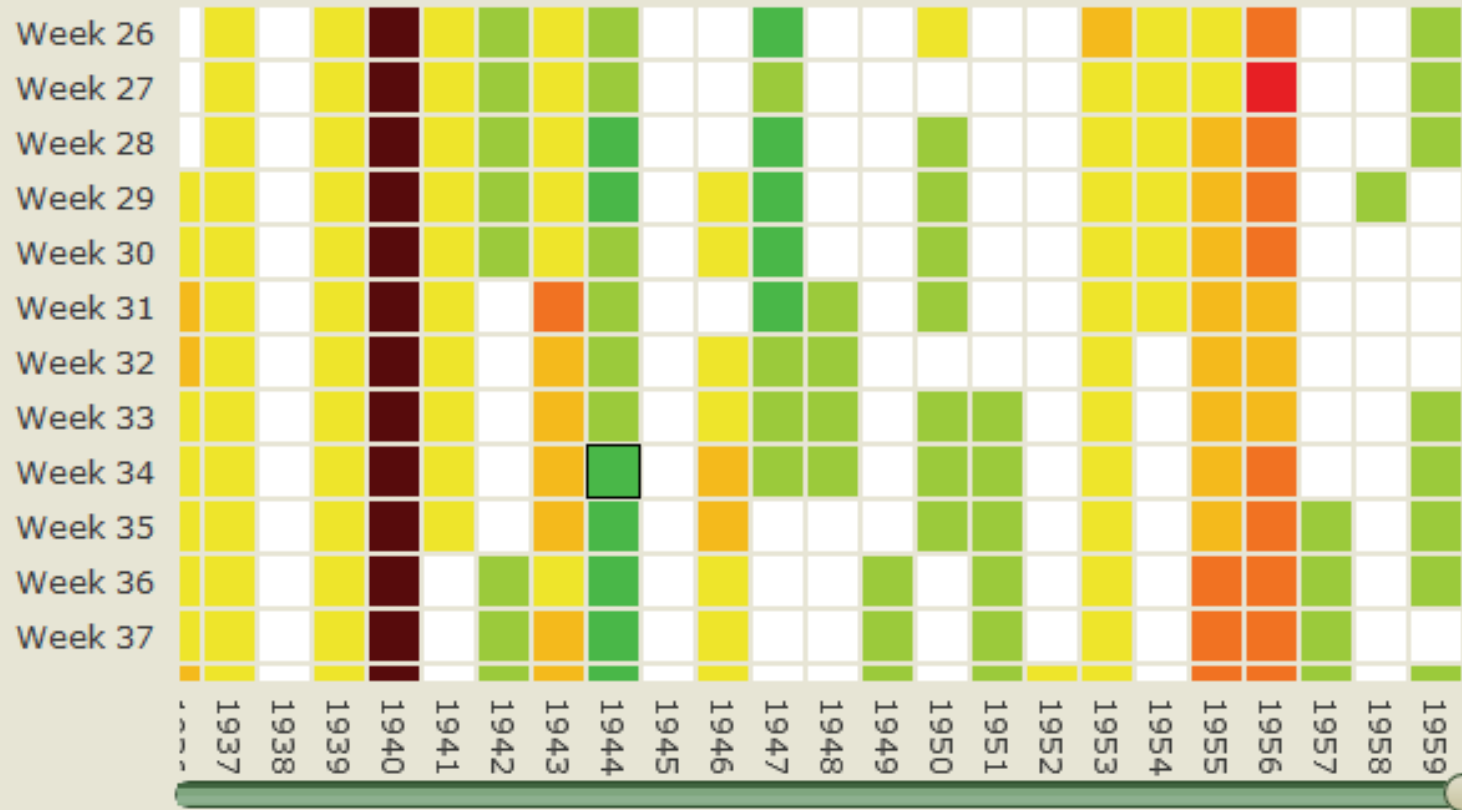
253185: GENOA 2 W

253395: GRAND ISLAND AP

253425: GREELEY

Results for **GRAND ISLAND AP (253395)** between 1/1/1930 and 12/31/1959 for the 12 Month timestep and aggregated by week.

Deciles



Drought Periods

Station Climate Deciles SPI SPEI PDSI SC-PDSI Drought Monitor **Drought Periods** Compare Indices Frequencies

Results for **GRAND ISLAND AP (253395)** at the 12 Month timestep with a minimum drought class of -1 between 1/1/1950 and 12/31/1959.

Date
 to

 Station start date: 1/1/1908

Index
 Select an index

Drought Classification

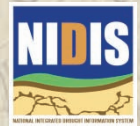
Timestep

Number of Droughts: 3
Longest Drought: 118 weeks
Average Duration: 63 weeks
Time in Drought: 36.54%

Show entries Search:

Drought Start	Drought End	Duration (weeks)
5/21/1955	8/27/1957	118
6/18/1953	8/20/1954	61
4/23/1950	7/9/1950	11

Showing 1 to 3 of 3 entries



Compare Indices

Station Climate Deciles SPI SPEI PDSI SC-PDSI Drought Monitor Drought Periods Compare Indices Frequencies

Year
1956
Station start date: 1/1/1908

Index
SPI
SPEI
PDSI
Self-calibrated PDSI
Deciles

Timestep
12 Month

Add Index Clear All

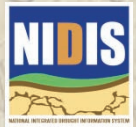
Drought Index Comparisons for 253395 (GRAND ISLAND AP).

1956: SPI 12		-2.26	✗
1956: SPEI 12		-1.89	✗
1956: PDSI		-6.48	✗
1956: SCPDSI		-3.62	✗
1956: DECILES 12		5.00	✗

Jul

Select up to six datasets for comparison. To remove a dataset from the comparison, click the Remove Dataset button. To clear all datasets from the comparison, click the Clear All button. The datasets can be reordered at any time by dragging the rows.

All data for the comparisons is aggregated by week. Drought Monitor data represents the county-level data for the selected station.



Frequencies

Station Climate Deciles SPI SPEI PDSI SC-PDSI Drought Monitor Drought Periods Compare Indices **Frequencies**



Results for **GRAND ISLAND AP (253395)** for the 12 Month timestep and aggregated by week.



Index

SPI

Aggregate

Week

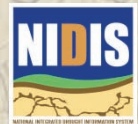
Timestep

12 Month

Show 50 entries

Search:

Threshold	Frequency	Return Period (Years)
-3.7	1	104.1
-3.6	1	104.1
-3.5	2	52.04
-3.4	1	104.1
-3.3	2	52.04
-3.2	5	20.81
-3.1	7	14.87
-3	10	10.4
-2.9	9	11.56
-2.8	11	9.46
-2.7	10	10.4
-2.6	9	11.56
-2.5	6	17.35
-2.4	11	9.46
-2.3	14	7.42
-2.2	30	3.46
-2.1	37	2.81
-2	61	1.69
-1.9	19	5.46
-1.8	36	2.88
-1.7	35	2.96
-1.6	47	2.21
-1.5	53	1.96
-1.4	64	1.62

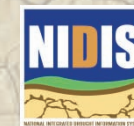


The Drought Atlas: Bringing a great deal of **DATA** to the **Citizens**

- ▶ Over **1 Billion** Drought Index calculations currently in the Atlas
- ▶ Almost every location in the United States is 75 miles or less from a station
- ▶ Approximately 500,000 gridded maps of drought indices available on weekly/monthly time steps (coming soon)



Any Questions ?



Contact Information:

Brian Fuchs

bfuchs2@unl.edu

402-472-6775

**National Drought Mitigation Center
School of Natural Resources
University of Nebraska-Lincoln**

